

DCS/CSCI 2350: Social & Economic Networks

Auctions
Reading: Ch. 9 of EK

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#### Examples

- eBay (one seller, many buyer)
- Government's procurement auction (many sellers, one buyer)
- Christie's and Sotheby's art auction
- Chicago wine company's auction on wine



#### When are auctions appropriate?

- 1. Seller doesn't know buyers' true values Otherwise:
  - \$y = max value held by buyers
  - Seller imposes fixed price of \$y 1c and gets the biggest possible profit margin
- 2. Buyers don't know each other's value Independent, private values

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# Assumption: Only 1 item being auctioned

#### Types of auctions

#### Real-time

- Descending bid/Dutch auction
   http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V2CK2TatM U
- Ascending bid/English auction
   http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q73-EaQydWU

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#### Types of auctions

#### Simultaneous

• First-price sealed bid auction

Equivalent to descending price

- · Highest bidder wins and pays own bid
- Second-price sealed bid auction (Vickrey auction)
  - Highest bidder wins, but pays the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest bid

Equivalent to ascending price



#### Next

- Second-price auction
  - Bidder's dominant strategy is to bid truthfully. Why?
- First-price auction
  - Will bidders be truthful?



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### Second-price auction

Bidders' dominant strategy is to bid truthfully

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#### First-price auction

- Will bidders be truthful?
- No
  - Bid  $v_i \rightarrow$  Payoff is 0, win or lose
  - Bid < v<sub>i</sub> → Could potentially get positive payoff



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#### Winner's curse

- "Common value auction":
   The "intrinsic" value of the item is common to all bidders, but bidders are uncertain about the value
- Example: offshore oil-field
- Highest bidder may end up losing money, even in second-prize auction
  - Why?



### Which auction is more profitable for a seller?

- First-price
  - Seller gets the highest bid, but the buyers lied (i.e., they underbid)
- Second-price
  - Seller gets the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest bid, but that is true value
- Which one is better? Unknown.

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## Auctions with multiple items?

#### Multiple items

- Not well understood
- Second-prize auction may not be collusion-proof
  - Example: Germany's spectrum auction (1999)
- "Generalized" second-prize (GSP) auction
  - Coming up

